



## **INCIDENT ACTIVITY REPORT**

**2011**



## WESTERN GREAT BASIN INCIDENT ACTIVITY REPORT 2011

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**Cover photo of Spring Creek Fire courtesy of Chris Ahnlund, Silver State IHC.**

## 2011 Weather and Fuels

### WEATHER

The winter season of 2010/2011 was under the influence of a moderate La Niña which led to generally above-normal precipitation and a heavy snowpack. Precipitation from October 2010 until April 1, 2011 was 100-150% of normal across the northern half of Nevada and in the far south, with 150-300% of normal occurring over much of eastern, central and far western Nevada. Only a small area of central Nevada was slightly below normal. Snowpack as of May 1, 2011 was 200-600% of normal over much of eastern and northern Nevada and in the Tahoe Basin, and 150-180% of normal across the rest of the Sierra and central, northeast and northwest Nevada.

This was the fifth year in a row of above normal winter rain/snowfall in Nevada (after 5 years of drought). This was reflected in the US Drought Monitor products for Nevada: most areas that had been listed with “severe” drought at the end of 2007 dropped to “moderate” or “abnormally dry” by spring 2009, and remained in those categories into 2010. There were still a couple of small areas of severe drought that persisted in part of central and northwest Nevada in 2010, but by spring 2011, all drought signatures had disappeared.

Temperatures in December and January started off above normal across most of Nevada. In late January cooler weather systems started to bring colder temperatures to northeast Nevada where temperatures dropped to 3-9 degrees below normal. By February and March, cooler and wetter conditions spread across much of the western 2/3 of Nevada, with slightly warmer weather in the east. Cool and wet weather continued from March through May, where temperatures dropped to 2-6 degrees below normal across the state.

Early winter conditions led to a substantial amount of snow being deposited in the higher elevations of Nevada and the Sierra. However, a very dry period from January into February allowed much of this snow to diminish. A return to a wet pattern lasting from mid-February through May brought snowpack values up to record-breaking levels in some areas.

Lots of ground water from a slow snowmelt and continued below-normal temperatures from May into June (May was 2-8 degrees below normal, June 2-6 below) kept fuels from curing as we moved into summer over all but southern Nevada, where fine fuels were cured below 5000 foot elevations by mid-May. Dry conditions were common in the early summer across west central and far southern and southeast Nevada where precipitation was less than 5% of normal. Even in areas with very little precipitation, cool daytime highs and overnight lows kept fuels from curing. Precipitation was near or just above normal in parts of far northwest and eastern Nevada, which delayed the fuel curing process even more.

July temperatures began to warm up, with temperatures generally within 1-2 degrees of normal for the majority of the state. Precipitation was well below normal over parts of western, southwest and north central Nevada with amounts less than 5% of normal. Precipitation was near to just above normal over parts of northeast, northwest and southern Nevada.

August started off active with a few days of mixed wet/dry thunderstorms during the first few days of the month. Dry weather prevailed for the second week in August as strong high pressure settled over southern Nevada. During the last half of the month, persistent low pressure brought periods of thunderstorms, with the most active lightning days occurring toward the end of the month. As a whole, temperatures in August ended up near to 2 degrees above normal over the southern two thirds of Nevada, with only a few small areas reaching 2-4 degrees above normal over western and far southern Nevada. Warmer conditions occurred over the northern third of Nevada, where temperatures increased to 4-8 degrees above normal. Precipitation was less than 5% of normal over western, northwest, and southern Nevada in August, while precipitation was near to 50-75% of normal over the rest of the state.

Warm and dry conditions were common through the month of September, which was the warmest September on record. However, September did have a week-long period where low pressure brought thunderstorms to much of Nevada during the middle of the month. These storms began as a mix of wet and dry and transitioned to wet storms after a few days. Dry and very warm weather for September returned at the end of the month, before an exceptional dry lightning event occurred on September 30<sup>th</sup>.

An upper level disturbance which originated from the remnants of Hurricane Hilary moved north from Baja California into southern California on September 30<sup>th</sup>. As it moved north, a cold front moving into California pushed the disturbance east into Nevada. Instability and moisture associated with this feature helped to produce scattered to numerous lightning strikes across mainly the northern half of Nevada. Warm and dry conditions (3-9 degrees above normal with high ERCs) the preceding week helped the lower levels of the atmosphere remain dry over central and northern Nevada. As a result, most of the lightning in that area produced little if any rainfall. Strong winds from the cold front and very dry fuels combined to create several large fires that burned roughly 300,000 acres. Rainfall amounts were higher over western Nevada, where only one large fire occurred.

Active fires continued into the first week in October with warm and dry conditions. Average temperatures in October were 2-5 degrees above normal, with some spots even warmer. Precipitation remained below normal over north central and southwest Nevada and increased to 150-200%+ above normal over the eastern third and northwest Nevada.

In mid to late November, two storms brought very windy conditions over western Nevada. The first storm on November 18<sup>th</sup> brought 50-70+ mph wind gusts to the Sierra Front. A downed power line started a fire on the west side of Reno, which spread rapidly during the early morning hours and was responsible for burning dozens of homes in Reno. The second storm brought gusts of 30-40 mph a week later on November 23<sup>rd</sup> when a fire east of Sparks grew to 1000+ acres.

Temperatures finally started to cool significantly in December, where average temperatures were near to 2-4 degrees below normal. However, dry conditions prevailed with precipitation averaging 5-25% of normal for most of the state. On December 30<sup>th</sup> WGB saw its last large fire of 2011, the Laurel fire. The Laurel was 318 acres and like most of the winter fires in WGB was caused by a wind event preceding a dry cold front. The snowpack at that time was almost non-existent with values 10-20% of normal in the Sierra and western Nevada and only 20-35% of normal over the rest of northern and northeast Nevada.

## **FUELS**

Cool temperatures and above normal rainfall during the winter of 2010/2011 led to above normal fuel loading and continuity across the state. Greenup was in full swing by May. Fuel abundance was well above normal with a second crop underway in May, while fuel beds were observed between 1-2 feet in many areas. Horizontal continuity of grasses was solid in many areas. Cool and wet conditions continued through spring for much of northern and eastern Nevada, delaying the curing process by 4-6 weeks. Curing was also delayed over southern, southwest and western Nevada due to very cool weather in May, despite a pronounced lack of rainfall in those areas. Fuels began to cure in the lower elevations of southern Nevada by mid-late May, but even in the far south, the curing process was still slow above 6,500 feet through June.

Temperatures finally started to warm to a few degrees above normal in July, so that by mid-July, fuels were completely cured across southern Nevada below 6,500 feet. At the same time, cheatgrass was cured below 7,000 feet across western Nevada, and by the end of July fuels were cured below 6500 feet across northern Nevada. Onset of the Southwest Monsoon late in July

resulted in a second greenup in eastern (and especially southeastern) Nevada, which decreased fire potential for that area of the state for the rest of the summer.

Generally warm and dry weather continued into August, although fuels in northern Nevada showed little effect and western Nevada's perennial grasses were still curing above 7,000 feet. Fuels below 7,000 feet across southern Nevada were completely cured by the end of the month.

Few fires occurred in August. Even when lightning accompanied storms during that month, a rise in RH decreased ignitions and prevented rapid fire spread.

September 2011 was the warmest September on record. It was also quite dry, excepting one week in the middle of the month where several days of thunderstorms and showers occurred. Very warm and dry conditions allowed ERCs and ICs to spike near the end of the month. On September 29<sup>th</sup>, WGB had a total of 103,843 acres that were reported burned across Nevada. On September 30<sup>th</sup>, the most significant dry lightning outbreak of the year occurred, followed by a dry and windy day on October 1<sup>st</sup> that caused rapid fire spread. By the end of the first week in October, an additional 300,000+ acres had burned.

## **GEOGRAPHIC AREA FIRE OCCURENCE**

The Western Great Basin (WGB) had 815 fires for 424,168 acres in 2011, representing 97 percent of the 10 year average number of fires and 101% of the 10 year average number of acres burned. There 53 large fires (fires greater than 100 acres in timber or 300 acres in grass or brush or an IMT assigned) were reported in 2011, compared to 15 large fires in 2010 and the 16 large fires in 2009. The 10 year average is 44 large fires with a median of 26 large fires.

Initial attack efforts were successful 96.5% of the time. The five year average for IA efficiency is 93.5% based on number of large fires compared to total number of fires.

Western Great Basin never reached Preparedness Level 5, and only went to Preparedness Level 4 from September 30 – October 3 for a total of 4 days. Western Great Basin reached Preparedness Level 3 for 38 days, from July 30 – September 5. The Ely BLM District had the most fires this season with 161 fires (144 lightning caused) which was 20% of the total number of fires for the WGB, while the Winnemucca BLM District had the greatest burned area for a total of 149,018 acres (35% of the total acreage burned in the WGB).

## **NATIONAL FIRE SEASON SUMMARY**

For information regarding the national fire situation for the 2011 fire season, please go to [http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/intelligence/2011\\_statssumm/2011Stats&Summ.html](http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/intelligence/2011_statssumm/2011Stats&Summ.html)

## RESOURCE REQUESTS PROCESSED

The Western Great Basin Coordination Center processed a total of 9,902 requests including overhead associated with aircraft, crew and equipment orders. In order to equitably compare requests to pre-ROSS years, you must subtract the overhead associated with aircraft, crews and equipment. This leaves the WGBCC with 4,197 individual requests processed. This figure is 55.6 percent of the 5 year average and 60 percent of the 10 year average.

The 589 Aircraft requests were 88.3 percent the 10 year average, the 268 Crew requests were 67 percent of the 10 year average, the 715 Equipment requests were 77.2 percent of the 10 year average, and 2507 Overhead requests were 50.7 percent of the 10 year average.

**WGBCC Total Number of Request Transactions  
(by Resource Type and Agency Generating Request)  
2011**

<b>Agency</b>	<b>Aircraft</b>	<b>Crews</b>	<b>Equipment</b>	<b>Overhead</b>	<b>Supply</b>	<b>Total</b>
BLM	350	125	199	624	96	<b>1394</b>
USFS	100	79	166	799	5	<b>1149</b>
Nevada State	35	8	23	35	0	<b>101</b>
BIA/Tribe	4	0	2	27	0	<b>33</b>
NPS	2	2	14	75	0	<b>93</b>
FWS	0	0	19	66	0	<b>85</b>
Centers / GACC*	55	34	10	161	14	<b>274</b>
State (not NV)	19	6	271	691	0	<b>987</b>
County/City	24	14	11	26	3	<b>78</b>
Other**	0	0	0	3	0	<b>3</b>
<b>Totals</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>715</b>	<b>2507</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>4197</b>

\* "Centers / GACC" includes Interagency Centers, GACC's including WBC, and NICC.

\*\* "Other" includes Australia, FEMA and DOE.

**WGBCC Total Request Transactions Processed**  
**(by Resource Type and Office Placing the Order)**  
**2011**

<i>Ordering Office</i>	<i>Aircraft</i>	<i>Crews</i>	<i>Equipment</i>	<i>Overhead</i>	<i>Supply</i>	<i>Total</i>
NV-EIC	30	17	49	138	3	237
NV-CNC	51	23	38	91	18	221
NV-SFC	89	33	56	231	39	448
NV-ECC	10	11	5	15	0	41
NV-LIC	8	10	11	29	15	73
ID-JFC	2	0	0	20	0	22
NV-WBC	298	131	308	1231	41	2009
<b>IN NV</b>	<b>488</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>467</b>	<b>1755</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>3051</b>
UT-EBC	31	8	16	129	0	184
CA-ONC	4	3	3	1	0	11
CA-OSC	4	2	3	1	0	10
OR-NWC	4	1	0	3	0	8
NM-SWC	6	0	4	10	0	20
MT-NRC	1	0	0	3	0	4
CO-RMC	4	0	0	0	0	4
WI-EACC	0	0	0	1	0	1
GA-SAC	0	0	0	6	0	6
AK-ACC	0	0	0	1	0	1
ID-NIC*	47	29	222	597	2*	6
AU-VICC	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>OUT NV</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>752</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1146</b>
<b>Totals</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>715</b>	<b>2507</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>4197</b>

\* Numbers in ID-NIC for supply include requests from GBK

**TOTAL RESOURCE REQUESTS BY YEAR  
AND  
5 AND 10 YEAR AVERAGES**

Year	Aircraft	Crews	Equipment	Overhead	Supply*	Total
1994	547	420	736	2,256		3,959
1995	319	176	297	972		1,764
1996	1,060	819	877	3,673		6,429
1997	240	84	109	501		939
1998	353	141	304	1,576		2,374
1999	1,133	660	1,434	4,783		8,010
2000	1,249	825	1,255	4,499		7,828
2001	1,081	641	1,233	4,278		7,233
2002	592	457	925	4,116		6,090
2003	297	213	341	4,890	97	5,838
2004	336	224	309	2,624	66	3,579
2005	1,157	729	2,926	4,471	137	9,420
2006	1,403	780	1,632	9,755	28	13,598
2007	904	586	1,138	7,768	100	10,496
2008	347	167	422	7,615	32	8,583
2009	282	88	203	3,011	11	3,595
2010	273	114	126	911	75	1,499
5-yr. Avg	642	347	704	5,812	49	7,554
10-yr. Avg	667	400	926	4,944	68	6,993
2011	589	268	715	2,507	118	4,197

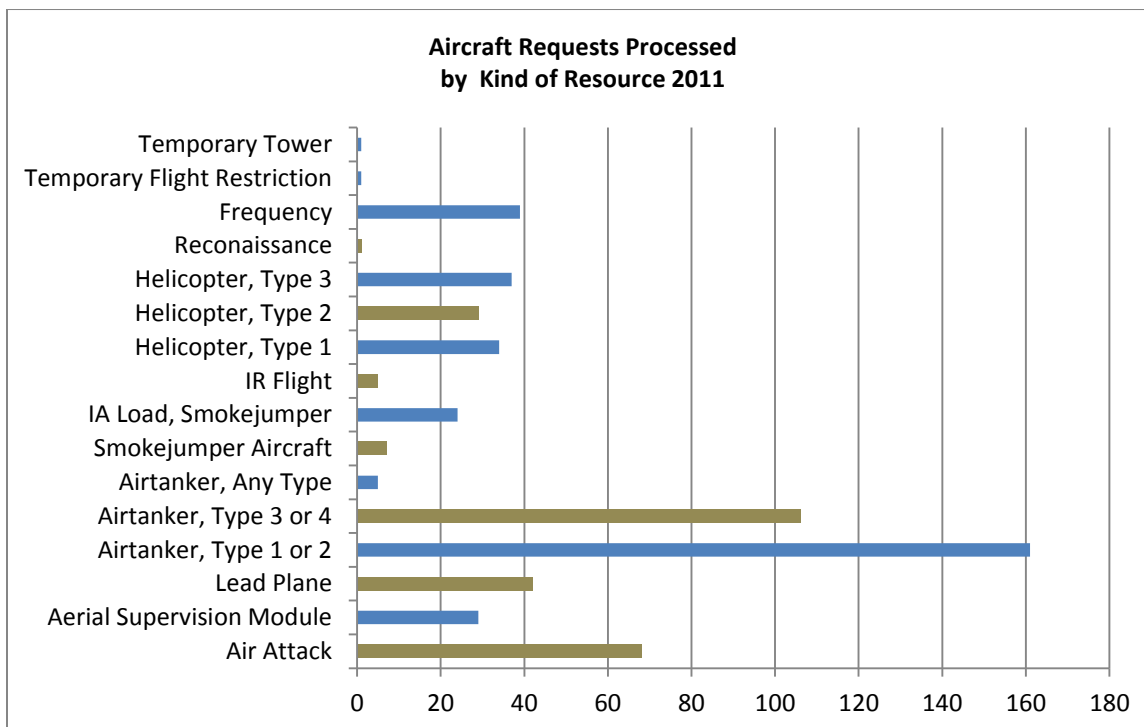
\*2003 is the first year that Supply has been counted as a separate category. Previously, many items now considered supplies were counted as equipment (radios, etc). 10-year average only includes data from 2003 to present.



**Distinct Aircraft Requests Processed**  
(by Resource Type and Agency Initiating Request)  
**2011**

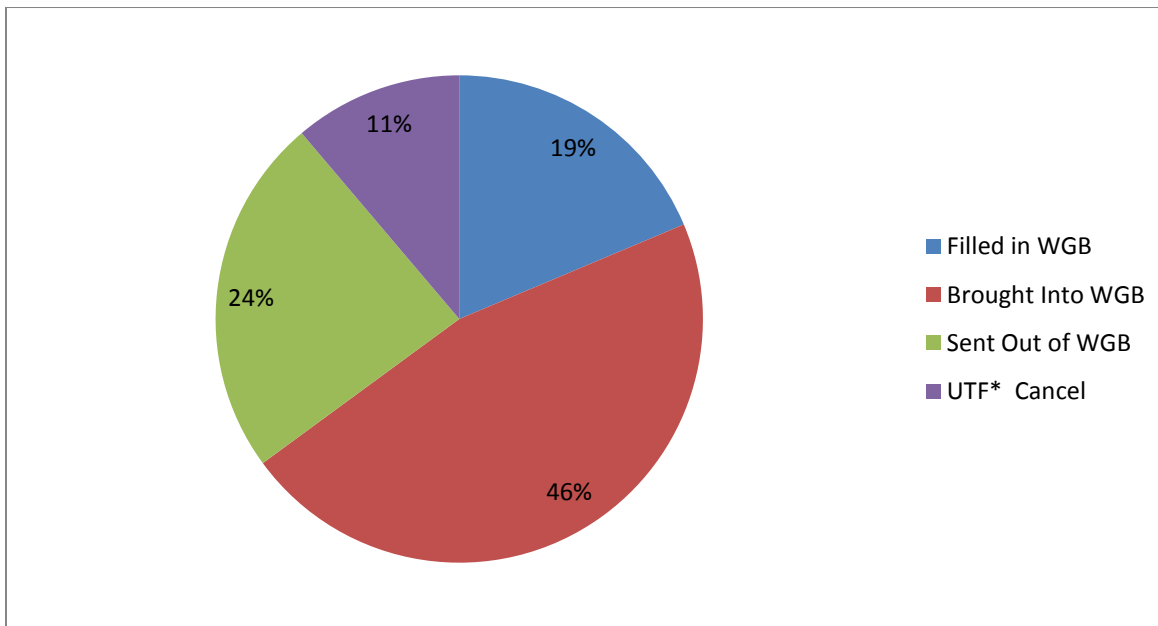
Resource Type	BIA	BLM	USFS	NDF	NPS	WBC	OTH	TOTAL
Air Attack	1	48	12	3	0	2	2	68
Aerial Supervision Module	0	6	13	0	0	5	5	29
Lead Plane	1	17	7	5	0	3	9	42
Airtanker, Type 1 or 2	1	80	25	12	0	21	22	161
Airtanker, Type 3 or 4	0	91	5	5	1	0	4	106
Airtanker, Any Type	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	5
Smokejumper Aircraft	0	4	2	0	0	1	0	7
IA Load, Smokejumper	0	14	2	3	0	5	0	24
IR Flight	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	5
Helicopter, Type 1	1	16	9	2	0	3	3	34
Helicopter, Type 2	0	20	2	1	0	2	4	29
Helicopter, Type 3	0	18	15	0	1	1	2	37
Reconnaissance	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Frequency	0	31	4	2	0	0	2	39
Temporary Flight Restriction	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Temporary Tower	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
<b>Totals</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>589</b>

\* "OTH" includes Other States, Counties, Other Federal, Centers and GACCs.



<b>Distinct Crew Requests Processed</b> <b>By Type</b> <b>2011</b>					
Type	Filled in WGB	Brought Into WGB	Sent Out of WGB	UTF* Cancel	Total
Strike Team, Type 1	0	2	0	0	2
Type 1	11	89	29	24	153
Type 1 or 2IA	2	1	5	0	8
Type 2 IA	4	16	20	3	43
Type 2 IA or 2	0	0	0	0	0
Type 2	24	4	6	1	35
Crew - Misc	1	0	0	0	1
Camp	1	0	4	0	5
Type Any	7	12	0	2	21
<b>Totals</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>268</b>

\* Cancel or UTF in or outside of Western Great Basin.



Crew Requests

<b>Distinct Equipment Requests Processed</b> <b>(by Resource Type)</b> <b>2011</b>					
<b>Resource Type</b>	<b>Filled In WGB</b>	<b>Brought Into WGB</b>	<b>Sent Out of WGB</b>	<b>UTF*** Cancel</b>	<b>Total</b>
Dozers	8	13	22	80	123
Engines	32	101	227	62	422
Water Tenders	8	4	39	23	74
Transportation*	0	1	0	2	3
Trailers	2	3	5	2	12
Mobile Food Service	1	4	0	1	6
Shower Units	0	3	0	0	3
Miscellaneous Equipment**	5	4	22	41	72
<b>Totals</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>715</b>

\* Transportation category includes: Bus, Coach, Crew Bus, Lowboy, Pickup, Stakeside, SUV and Rental Car.

\*\* Miscellaneous Equipment category includes: Radio Kits, Sat Phones, Other Trucks (Fuel, Grey Water, Mechanic, Refer, Crash Rescue, etc), Handwash, Palm IR.

\*\*\* Includes requests UTF'd from NICC and other GACC's.

Total does not include overhead associated with these requests.

### Percentage of Contract Equipment Used

<b>Resource</b>	<b>WGB to WGB</b>	<b>Into WGB</b>	<b>Sent Out Of WGB</b>	<b>Overall</b>
Dozers	5	9	2	37%
Engines	5	12	20	10%
Water Tenders	3	1	16	39%

**Overhead Requests Processed  
by Incident Type  
2011**

<b>Incident Type</b>	<b>Filled In WB</b>	<b>Brought Into WB</b>	<b>Sent Out of WB</b>	<b>UTF** Cancel</b>	<b>Totals</b>
Wildfire	161	251	1103	504	2019
Prescribed	0	2	37	0	39
Preparedness	57	112	84	40	293
Other Support	16	23	51	12	102
Law Enforcement	0	0	0	0	0
Hurricane/Typhoon	0	0	1	2	3
Thunderstorms/Tornado/Wind	0	0	0	0	0
Earthquake	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency Stabilization - BAER	0	0	4	2	6
Accident Vehicle	0	0	7	0	7
Training - Proficiency	0	0	0	0	0
Hazard - Biological/Toxic	0	0	1	1	2
Fire – Rehab	0	0	14	2	16
Fire - Other	0	4	12	4	20
Severe Winter Weather	0	0	0	0	0
Flooding	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Totals</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>1314</b>	<b>567</b>	<b>2507</b>

**\*\* Includes NV requests that were UTF'd by NICC and other GACC's.**

## 2011 TOP 20 POSITIONS UNABLE TO FILL

	POSITION	CODE	# of UTF
1	SAFETY OFFICER, TYPE 2	SOF2	66
2	SAFETY OFFICER, LINE	SOFL	45
3	DIVISION/GROUP SUPERVISOR	DIVS	40
4	TASK FORCE LEADER	TFLD	39
5	AIR TACTICAL GROUP SUPERVISOR	ATGS	38
6	FACILITIES UNIT LEADER	FACL	35
7	RADIO OPERATOR	RADO	34
8	HELICOPTER MANAGER, SINGLE RESOURCE	HMGB	32
9	HEAVY EQUIPMENT BOSS, SINGLE RESOURCE	HEQB	30
10	INITIAL ATTACK DISPATCHER	IADP	26
11	BASE CAMP MANAGER	BCMG	24
12	ORDERING MANAGER	ORDM	24
13	DOZER OPERATOR, INITIAL ATTACK	DZIA	23
14	FIRE BEHAVIOR ANALYST	FBAN	23
15	SECURITY SPECIALIST - LEVEL 2	SEC2	23
16	SECURITY SPECIALIST - LEVEL 1	SEC1	22
17	STRIKE TEAM LEADER, ENGINE	STEN	22
18	AIRCRAFT BASE RADIO OPERATOR	ABRO	21
19	AIRCRAFT DISPATCHER	ACDP	21
20	DOZER OPERATOR	DZOP	21

## Wildland Fire Statistical Summary 2011

Unit/Agency	Human		Lightning		Total Fires	Total Acres
	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres		
Eastern Nevada Agency (Elko Portion)	1	0	0	0	1	0
Western Nevada Agency (Winnemucca Portion)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Western Nevada Agency (Sierra Front Portion)	12	856	3	2,487	15	3,343
Eastern Nevada Agency (Ely Portion)	0	0	1	0	1	0
Duck Valley Tribe	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Bureau of Indian Affairs / Tribes</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>856</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2,487</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>3,343</b>
Battle Mountain District	8	491	23	2,144	31	2,635
Carson City District	40	4,225	40	3,388	80	7,613
Elko District	7	1,557	43	106,920	50	108,477
Ely District	17	1,823	144	13,068	161	14,891
Southern Nevada District	56	81	23	330	79	411
Winnemucca District	48	35,181	43	113,837	91	149,018
<b>Bureau of Land Management</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>43,358</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>239,687</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>283,045</b>
Ash Meadows NWR	0	0	0	0	0	0
Desert NWR	1	0	10	716	11	716
Moapa Valley NWR	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pahranagat NWR	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ruby Lake NWR	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stillwater NWR	2	62	0	0	2	62
<b>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>716</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>716</b>
Great Basin National Park	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lake Mead NRA	13	1	6	3	19	4
<b>National Park Service</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>4</b>
Private Lands under Central Nevada Dispatch	16	40	2	1	18	41
Private Lands under Ely Dispatch	5	3	1	1	6	4
Private Lands under Elko Dispatch	2	3	0	0	0	0
Private Lands under Las Vegas Dispatch	13	95	0	0	13	95
Private Lands under Sierra Front Dispatch	67	6,538	4	5	71	6,543
<b>Private Lands</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>6,709</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4,616</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>11,325</b>
Northern Region	37	2,257	24	116,121	61	118,378
Southern Region	0	0	0	0	0	0
Western Region	6	391	7	37	13	428
<b>Nevada Division of Forestry</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>2,648</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>116,158</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>118,806</b>
Humboldt-Toiyabe NF (Elko Area)	0	0	3	1	3	1
Humboldt-Toiyabe NF (Central Nevada Dispatch Area)	0	0	4	5,141	4	5,141
Humboldt-Toiyabe NF (Sierra Front)	20	380	22	1,258	42	1,638
Humboldt-Toiyabe NF (Ely Area)	0	0	5	2	5	2
Humboldt-Toiyabe NF (Las Vegas Area)	9	2	21	83	30	85
<b>U.S. Forest Service</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>6,485</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>6,867</b>
Department of Defense (Nellis AFB)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Department of Energy (Nevada Test Site)	0	0	3	4,609	3	4,609
<b>Other Federal</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4,609</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4,609</b>
<b>Geographic Area Totals</b>	<b>383</b>	<b>54,016</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>370,152</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>424,168</b>

## Western Great Basin Large Fires 2011

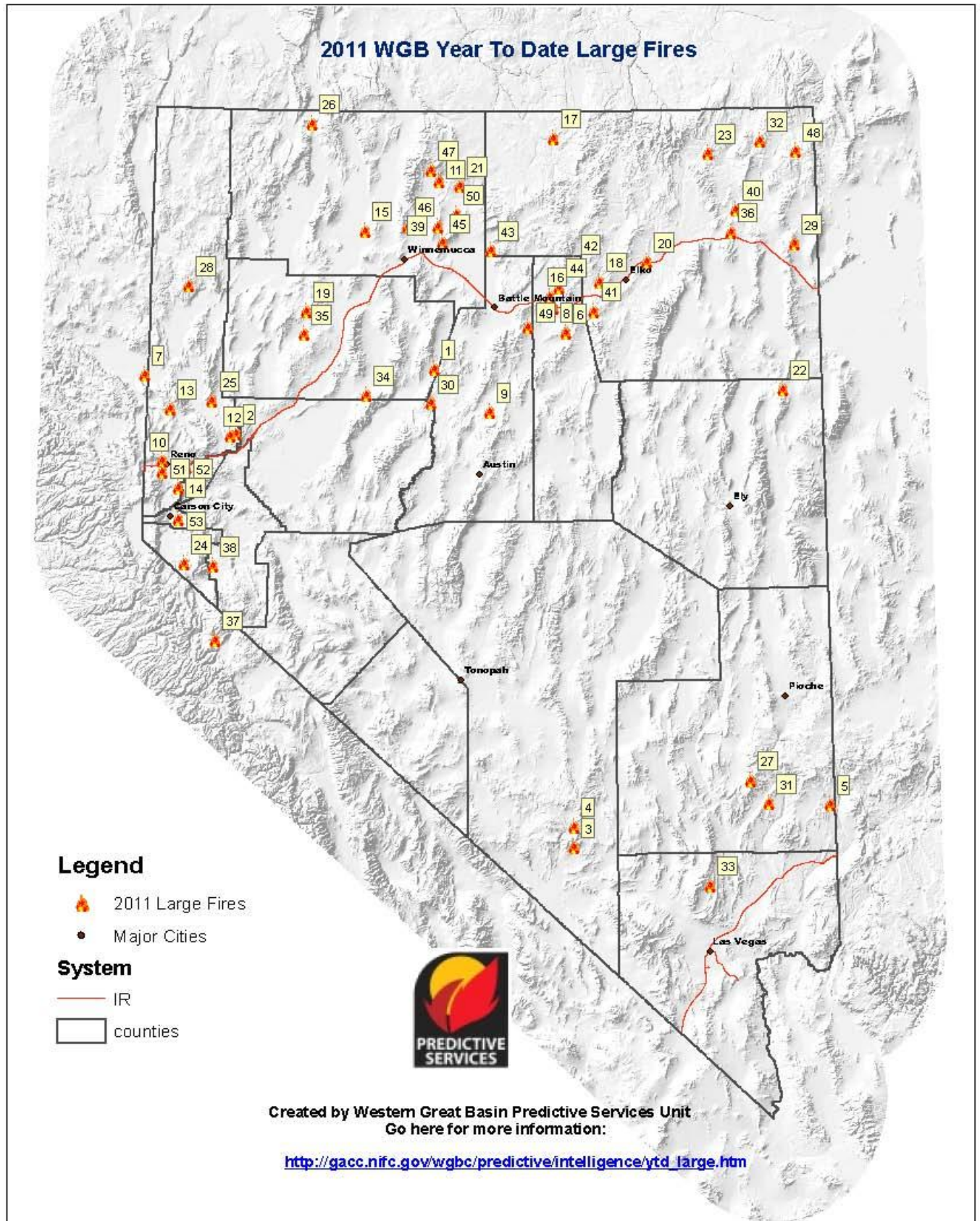
Incident Number	Incident Name	Dispatch Center	County	Start Date	End Date	IC Name	Team Type	Cause	Size (Acres)
NV-EKD-000989	Salmon	EIC	Elko	08/14/2011	08/19/11	Case/Hecht (t)		L	4,780
NV-CCD-000793	Ray May	SFC	Douglas	08/16/2011	08/25/11	Whalen	2	H	3,895
NV-CCD-000835	Great Stone	SFC	Washoe	08/24/2011	08/26/11	Glode		L	2,377
NV-WID-000284	Summit	CNC	Humboldt	08/24/2011	08/26/11	Garcia		L	485
NV-ELD-000188	Jumbo	ECC	Lincoln	08/25/2011	08/28/11	Rowe		H	1,721
NV-WID-000288	Silver Bell	CNC	Washoe	08/25/2011	08/28/11	Walker		L	391
NV-NNS-001072	Toano	EIC	Elko	08/26/2011	08/28/11	Palma		L	328
NV-BMD-000290	Ellison	CNC	Lander	08/27/2011	08/28/11	Whelan		L	1,041
NV-ELD-000214	Vigo	ECC	Lincoln	08/29/2011	09/10/11	Panagopoulos	3	L	12,087
NV-EKD-001122	Tijuana John	EIC	Elko	08/29/2011	09/01/11	Case/Palma (t)		L	748
NV-DSR-000146	Mormon*	LIC	Clark	08/28/2011	09/20/11	Rash		L	716
NV-WID-000317	NY Canyon	CNC	Pershing	09/08/11	09/09/11	Speer		L	661
NV-WID-000342	Willow Canyon	CNC	Pershing	09/13/11	09/14/11	Burt		L	1,091
NV-EKD-001279	Wells	EIC	Elko	09/24/11	09/27/11	G. Uhlig		L	1,496
NV-HTF-000994	Buckeye	SFC	Mono	09/25/11	09/28/11	Washam	3	H	1,140
NV-CCD-001007	Burbank	EIC	Lyon	09/30/11	11/04/11	Kidd	2	L	1,062
NV-WID-000376	Hot Springs	CNC	Humboldt	09/30/11	10/04/11	Walker		L	38,005
NV-NNS-001325	Willow	EIC	Elko	09/30/11	10/01/11	Lee		L	274
NV-EKD-001331	Rain Mine	EIC	Elko	09/30/11	10/01/11	Hecht		L	500
NV-NNS-001336	Indian Creek	EIC	Elko	09/30/11	10/13/11	Whalen	2	L	116,875
NV-EKD-001341	Izzenhood	EIC	Elko	09/30/11	10/13/11	Whalen	2	L	42,190
NV-EKD-001337	Chukkar Canyon	EIC	Elko	09/30/11	10/13/11	Whalen	2	L	51,390

## Western Great Basin Large Fires 2011

Incident Number	Incident Name	Dispatch Center	County	Start Date	End Date	IC Name	Team Type	Cause	Size (Acres)
NV-WID-000372	Eden Valley	CNC	Humboldt	09/30/11	10/04/11	Garcia		L	24,000
NV-WID-000385	China Garden	CNC	Humboldt	09/30/11	10/03/11	Burt		L	18,648
NV-HTF-000388	Tom Basin	CNC	Humboldt	09/30/11	10/07/11	Urban		L	5,125
NV-EKD-001344	Signboard Pass	EIC	Elko	10/01/11	10/02/11	Palma		L	2,363
NV-BMD-000380	Fire Creek	CNC	Lander	09/30/11	10/02/11	Vanderslice		L	2,000
NV-WID-000393	Big Antelope	CNC	Humboldt	10/01/11	10/04/11	Speer		L	11,624
NV-RNOX-001124	Caughlin Ranch	SFC	Washoe	11/18/11	11/20/11	Brown	3	H	1,935
NV-RNOX-001134	Lockwood	SFC	Washoe	11/23/11	11/24/11	Britt	3	H	2,400
NV-CCD-001170	Laurel	SFC	Washoe	12/30/11	01/01/12	Britt	3	H	318

\* Monitor/Confine/Contain





**2011 INCIDENT MANAGEMENT TEAM ASSIGNMENTS IN NEVADA**

INC_NUMBER	INC_NAME	TYPE	RES_NAME	DAYS
NV-RNOX-000696	BAIN	WF	TEAM - IMT – T3 - EB – Sierra Front	4
NV-CCD-000793	RAY MAY	WF	TEAM - IMT – T2 - WB - WHALEN	5
NV-ELD-000214	VIGO	WF	TEAM - IMT - T3 - WB - Panagopolous	6
NV-EKD-000989	SALMON	WF	TEAM - IMT - T3 - WB - MCCLINTOCK	2
NV-HTF-000994	BUCKEYE	WF	TEAM - IMT - T3 - WB - WASHAM	6
NV-WBC-000006	FY 2011 WGB PREPAREDNESS	Preposition	TEAM - IMT - T3 - WB - MCCLINTOCK	3
NV-CCD-001007	BURBANK	WF	TEAM - IMT – T2 - EB - KIDD	5
NV-EKD-001341	IZZENHOOD	WF	TEAM - IMT – T2 - WB - WHALEN	6
NV-RNOX-001124	CAUGHLIN	WF	TEAM - IMT - T3 - WB - BROWN	4

**2011 INCIDENT MANAGEMENT TEAM ASSIGNMENTS OUTSIDE OF NEVADA**

INC_NUMBER	INC_NAME	TYPE	RES_NAME	DAYS
TX-TXS-011051	POWER LINE FIRE	WF	TEAM - IMT - T2 - WB - WILDE	6
GA-R08-201102	FY 2011 SA/R8 STAGING/PREPAREDNESS	Preposition	TEAM - IMT - T2 - WB - WILDE	5
GA-OKR-000001	HONEY PRARIE	WF	TEAM - IMT - T2 - WB - WILDE	12
AK-FASC-000001	FAIRBANKS PREPOSITION	Preposition	TEAM - IMT – T3 - WB - PHELPS	14
ID-SCF-011089	INDIAN	WF	TEAM - IMT - T2 - WB – WHALEN	14
ID-SCF-011236	BLACK CANYON	WF	TEAM - IMT - T2 - WB – ADELL	14
ID-SCF-011202	SALT	WF	TEAM - IMT - T2 - WB - WILDE	10

## 2011 BUYING TEAM ASSIGNMENTS

INC_NUMBER	INC_NAME	TYPE	RES_NAME	DAYS
NV-HTF-000994	BUCKEYE	WF	TEAM - BUYING - CA - REDDIN	2
NV-CCD-001007	BURBANK	WF	TEAM - BUYING - EB - LINDSAY	3

**For Smokejumper Action Summary 2011, please visit:**  
<http://gacc.nifc.gov/wgbc/Smokejumpers/smkjstats.htm>

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